



4.11 Central government expenses

	Goods and services		Compensation of employees		Interest payments		Subsidies and other transfers		Other expense	
	% of ex 1995	xpense 2007	% of e.	xpense 2007	% of ex	xpense 2007	% of ex	opense 2007	% of ex	pense 2007
								•		
Afghanistan ^a		67		28		0		5		0
Albania ^a	18	12	14	30	9	17	59	42	0	0
llgeria ^a	6	5	39	28	13	5	34	32	8	29
Angola	••	 5						 50		7
urgentina urmenia ^a	••	37		12 22	••	26 2	**	34	••	5
		11		10		4		70	••	6
Australia	5	6	8		. 9	7	77		3	5
ustria Izerbaijan ^a	49	•••••	10	13	0	•••••	41	70	0	
		12	•••••	25	•••••		•••••	29		
Bangladesh ^a Belarus ^a	39	13 14	 5	25 11	1	22 1	 55	68	0	11 5
Belgium	39	2	7	7	18	9	55 71	68 79	3	3
Benin ^a		31	••••••	40	•••••	2	•••••	79 8	•••••••	20
Bolivia		14		22	••	10	••	47	••	20 7
Bosnia and Herzegovina	••	24	••	28	••	10	••	47	••	4
Botswana ^a	32	•••••	30	•••••	. 2	•••••	36	•••••••••	2	
Brazil ^a	5	••	8		45		45	••	1	••
Bulgaria ^a	18	14	7	 18	37	3	38	 58	2	6
Burkina Faso		21	••••••	39	•••••	4	•••••	35		0
Burundi ^a	20	•••••	30	•••••	6	•••••				
Cambodia		 41	•••••	33	••	. 2	14	 19	10	 5
Cameroon ^a	 17	•••••	40	•••••	26	•••••	14	••••••	••	
Canada ^a	8	8	10	12	18	7	64	67	••	6
Central African Republic ^a		27	•••••	53		9	•••••	••••••	••	11
Chad	••	•••••		•••••	••	•••••	••		••	
Chile	••	11		21	••	4	••	 57	••	11
China ^a	••	27		5	••	4	**	60	••	4
Hong Kong, China	••	•••••		••••••	••	•••••	••	•••••••••	••	
Colombia	••	5	••	19	••	25	••	 45	••	7
Congo, Dem. Rep. ^a	37	••••••	 58	•••••	1	•••••	2	•••••	••	
Congo, Rep.		18	••••••	 18	•••••	11		 53	••	0
Costa Rica ^a	12	12	38	42	20	14	26	18	4	15
Côte d'Ivoire ^a		34		33	••	9	•••••	18		7
Proatia ^a	35	10	27	26	3	5	32	53	3	6
Cuba	33	T O	۷۱	∠∪	J	J	JZ	JJ	J	U
Czech Republic ^a	7	6	9	9	3	3	 75	71	 5	12
Denmark	8	9	13	13	13	5	64	71	4	4
Dominican Republic ^a		17		31	•••••	9	•••••	30	••••••	13
Ecuador ^a	6		49		26	•••••	••			
gypt, Arab Rep. ^a	18	8	22	24	26	18	6	39		11
El Salvador		16	•••••	40	••	12	•••••	22		11
ritrea	••	•••••	••	•••••		•••••				
stonia	••	14		22		0		43		4
thiopia ^a					•••••					
inland	8	10	9	10	7	4	68	71	11	7
rance	8	6	23	22	6	6	59	62	6	6
abon		•••••			•••••		•••••			
Gambia, The ^a										
Georgia ^a	 52	38	11	16	10	3	26	35		9
Germany	4	5	5	5	6	6	67	82	20	3
Shana ^a		15		38	••	11		37		0
Greece	10	11	22	24	27	10	36	45	5	4
Guatemala ^a	15	13	50	24	12	10	18	25	6	27
iuinea ^a	17		34		28		9		1	
Guinea-Bissau		***************************************	••••••		••	•••••	•••••			••
laiti	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	••	
raru										••

Central government expenses 4.11

	Goods and services % of expense		Compensation of employees		Interest payments		Subsidies and other transfers		Other expense	
				xpense	% of expense		% of expense		% of expense	
	1995	2007	1995	2007	1995	2007	1995	2007	1995	2007
londuras		17		49		3		16		16
lungary	8	9	10	13	20	9	57	61	13	10
ndia ^a	14	12	10	7	27	21	33	36	0	1
ndonesia ^a	21	8	20	13	16	16	41	63	2	0
an, Islamic Rep. ^a	21	10	56	37	0	1		32		18
aq					••					
eland	5	12	15	24	14	3	33	37	1	1
srael		27		25		11		30		9
aly	4	4	14	16	24	12	54	64	6	6
amaica ^a	22	47	24	20	32	21	1	1	21	11
apan										
ordan ^a	7	5	67	26	11	8	12	26	4	35
azakhstan ^a		23		8	3	2	58	64	••	3
enya ^a	15	15	28	44	46	11		9	2	2
orea, Dem. Rep.										
orea, Rep. ^a	16	7	15	12	3	7	63	58	3	15
uwait	33	15	31	24	5	0	24	40	7	20
yrgyz Republic ^a	32	25	36	27	5	3	27	34		11
ao PDR		37		38		5		18		3
atvia ^a	20	12	20	20	3	1	56	66	0	0
ebanon		3		27		40		22		8
esotho ^a	32	37	45	33	5	5	8	11	3	6
iberia										
ibya										
ithuania	••	13		18	••	2		62		9
lacedonia, FYR										
ladagascar		14		46		10		14		16
lalawi					•••					
lalaysia ^a	23		34	•••••	17		27		1	
lali	·····	38	•••••	33	••	2		16	•	11
lauritania	••	•••••		•••••	••	•••••		•••••	••	•
lauritius ^a	12	12	45	35	12	15	28		2	5
lexico ^a	9	•••••	19	•••••	19	•••••		•••••	•	
loldova ^a	10	18	8	 15	19	4	71	 56	1	7
longolia		37	•••••	24	•••••			36	••••••	
lorocco ^a	••	9	••	46	••	7	••	36 29	••	1 10
		•••••		•••••	••	•••••	••	•••••	••	
Monmor		••			••		••		••	
lyanmar amihia ^a										
amibia ^a	28	••	53		1		••	••	4	
epal ^a						7		70		
etherlands	5	8	8	8	9	4	77	79	3	3
ew Zealand		30		25		4		38		7
icaragua ^a	14	13	25	36	17	8	29	38	14	6
iger		30		30	••	3	••	9	••	28
igeria										
orway		11		17		2		67		6
man ^a	55		30		7		8		0	
akistan ^a		31		4	28	26	2	31		8
anama ^a	16		45		8	••	30		1	
apua New Guinea ^a	19		36		20		26		1	
araguay ^a		11		52		5		25		8
eru ^a	20	19	19	18	19	10	33	50	8	3
nilippines ^a	15	18	34	31	33	24	15	19	••	8
oland		8		12		6		69		7
ortugal	7	7	30	27	10	7	43	49	11	2
uerto Rico		••		••	••		••	••	••	
		•	•	•				•••••	•	





Central government expenses

	Goods and services		Compensation of employees		Interest payments		Subsidies and other transfers		Other expense	
	% of over	vnonoo	% of o	vnonco.	% of on	vnonos	% of over	vnonoo	% of over	2000
	% of ex 1995	2007	1995	xpense 2007	1995	xpense 2007	% of ex 1995	2007	% of exp 1995	2007
Romania		15		23		3		50	••	13
Russian Federation		14		17		2		61		15
Rwanda ^a	52		36		12		5			
Saudi Arabia										
Senegal ^a										
Serbia					••					••
Sierra Leone ^a		28		26		19		9		18
Singapore ^a	38	44	39	32	8	0	15	24		••
Slovak Republic		9		13		5		68		5
Slovenia ^a	19	12	21	19	3	4	55	62	3	3
Somalia	••		••		••		••		••	
South Africa		10	••	14	••	9	••	59	••	8
Spain	5	4	14	9	11	5	42	78	2	5
Sri Lanka ^a	23	11	20	30	22	25	24	23	10	10
Sudan ^a	44		38		8		10			
Swaziland ^a										
Sweden	10		5		13		71		1	
Switzerland ^a	24	8	6	7	4	5	66	75	0	5
Syrian Arab Republic ^a										
Tajikistan ^a	47	29	8	9	12	5	33	27		30
Tanzania										••
Thailand		27		37	••	6		30		3
Timor-Leste										
Togo ^a		25		31		6		27		12
Trinidad and Tobago ^a	20	16	36	22	20	7	24	36	1	19
Tunisia ^a	7	6	37	38	13	9	36	37	7	10
Turkey ^a		7	••	24	••	24		37		1
Turkmenistan			••	·						
Uganda ^a		30	••	12	••	8		49	••	0
Ukraine ^a		12		14	••	1	••	67		6
United Arab Emirates ^a	50		37	······························		····				
United Kingdom	22	19	7	15	9	5	54	53	9	10
United States		15		13		10		60		2
Uruguay ^a	13	16	17	23	6	14	64	48	0	••
Uzbekistan										
Venezuela, RB ^a Vietnam	6	6	22	16	27	12	61	64	2	3
West Bank and Gaza	••	••				••			••	••
Yemen, Rep. ^a	8	••	67		16	••	8	••	0	••
Zambia ^a	32	32	35	30	16 16	7	19	24	0	7
Zimbabwe ^a	16		34	•••••	31	••••••	19			
World		13 m	m	24 m	m	6 m	m	40 m	m	6 m
Low income	m 									
Middle income		13	•••••	24		6		37	•	7
Lower middle income		13		28		6	•••••	34		7
Upper middle income	17	12	25	20	14	5		57		8
Low & middle income		16		28		7		35		6
East Asia & Pacific										
Europe & Central Asia		14		18		2		57		6
Latin America & Carib.	13	14	26	23	20	10		38		9
Middle East & N. Africa	8	6	47	28	13	8		32		10
South Asia		13		25	27	22	24	29		8
Sub-Saharan Africa	••									
High income	8	9	14	13	9	5	63	62	3	6
Euro area	5	7	11	13	10	6	61	68	3	5
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							-	-	-

 $\textbf{Note:} \ \textbf{Components may not sum to 100 percent because of rounding or missing data.}$

a. Data were reported on a cash basis and have been adjusted to the accrual framework.

About the data

The term expense has replaced expenditure in the table since the 2005 edition of World Development Indicators in accordance with use in the International Monetary Fund's (IMF) Government Finance Statistics Manual 2001. Government expenses include all nonrepayable payments, whether current or capital, requited or unrequited. The concept of total central government expense as presented in the IMF's Government Finance Statistics Yearbook is comparable to the concept used in the 1993 System of National Accounts

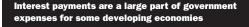
Expenses can be measured either by function (health, defense, education) or by economic type (interest payments, wages and salaries, purchases of goods and services). Functional data are often incomplete, and coverage varies by country because functional responsibilities stretch across levels of government for which no data are available. Defense expenses, usually the central government's responsibility, are shown in table 5.7. For more information on education expenses, see table 2.10; for more on health expenses, see table 2.15.

The classification of expenses by economic type in the table shows whether the government produces goods and services and distributes them, purchases the goods and services from a third party and distributes them, or transfers cash to households to make the purchases directly. When the government produces and provides goods and services, the cost is reflected in compensation of employees, use of goods and services, and consumption of fixed capital. Purchases from a third party and cash transfers

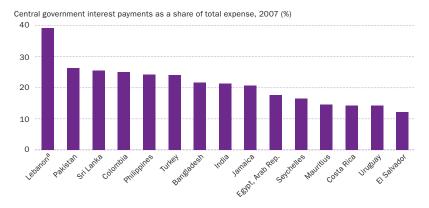
to households are shown as subsidies and other transfers, and other expenses. The economic classification can be problematic. For example, the distinction between current and capital expense may be arbitrary, and subsidies to public corporations or banks may be disguised as capital financing. Subsidies may also be hidden in special contractual pricing for goods and services. For further discussion of government finance statistics, see *About the data* for tables 4.10 and 4.12.

Definitions

- Goods and services are all government payments in exchange for goods and services used for the production of market and nonmarket goods and services. Own-account capital formation is excluded.
- Compensation of employees is all payments in cash, as well as in kind (such as food and housing), to employees in return for services rendered, and government contributions to social insurance schemes such as social security and pensions that provide benefits to employees. • Interest payments are payments made to nonresidents, to residents, and to other general government units for the use of borrowed money. (Repayment of principal is shown as a financing item, and commission charges are shown as purchases of services.) . Subsidies and other transfers include all unrequited, nonrepayable transfers on current account to private and public enterprises; grants to foreign governments, international organizations, and other government units: and social security, social assistance benefits, and employer social benefits in cash and in kind. • Other expense is spending on dividends, rent, and other miscellaneous expenses, including provision for consumption of fixed capital.



4.11a



Interest payments accounted for more than 12 percent of total expenses in 2007 for 15 countries.

a. Data are for 2005.

Source: International Monetary Fund, Government Finance Statistics data files, and World Development Indicators data files.

Data sources

Data on central government expenses are from the IMF's Government Finance Statistics Yearbook 2008 and data files. Each country's accounts are reported using the system of common definitions and classifications in the IMF's Government Finance Statistics Manual 2001. See these sources for complete and authoritative explanations of concepts, definitions, and data sources.