



Key indicators for other economies

	Population	Surface area	Population density	Gross national income				Gross domestic product		Life expectancy at birth	Adult literacy rate	Carbon dioxide emissions
	thousands 2007	thousand sq. km 2007	people per sq. km 2007	\$ millions 2007 ^b	Per capita \$ 2007 ^b	PI \$ millions 2007	Per capita \$ 2007	% growth 2006–07	Per capita % growth 2006–07	years 2007	% ages 15 and older 2007	thousand metric tons 2005
American Samoa	65	0.2	325		c							
Andorra	82	0.5	175		^d							
Antigua and Barbuda	85	0.4	193	980	11,650	1,487 ^e	17,680 ^e	-1.2	-2.1		99	421
Aruba	101	0.2	561		^d						98	2,308
Bahamas, The	331	13.9	33		^d			2.8	1.6	73	••	2,107
Bahrain	753	0.7	1,060	12,607	17,390	19,720	27,210	7.8	5.6	76	89	19,668
Barbados	294	0.4	684		^d	4,711 ^e	16,140 ^e			77		1,315
Belize	304	23.0	13	1,144	3,760	1,847 ^e	6,080 ^e	1.2	-0.9	76		817
Bermuda	64	0.1	1,280		d		••	4.6	4.3	79		572
Bhutan	657	47.0	14	1,166	1,770	3,275	4,980	19.1	17.5	66	53	414
Brunei Darussalam	389	5.8	74	10,211	26,740	19,540	50,200	0.6	-1.3	77	95	5,892
Cape Verde	530	4.0	132	1,287	2,430	1,557	2,940	7.0	4.6	71	84	286
Cayman Islands	54	0.3	206		d						99	315
Channel Islands	149	0.2	785	10,241	68,640			5.9	5.7	79		
Comoros	628	1.9	338	425	680	721	1,150	-1.0	-3.3	65	75	88
Cyprus	855	9.3	92	19,617 ^f	24,940 ^f	20,549	24,040	4.4	3.3	79	98	7,017
Djibouti	833	23.2	36	908	1,090	1,885	2,260	4.0	2.2	55		374
Dominica	73	0.8	97	292	4,030	501 ^e	6,930 ^e	3.2	2.6			114
Equatorial Guinea	508	28.1	18	6,527	12,860	10,770	21,220	12.5	9.9	52		4,335
Faeroe Islands	48	1.4	35		^d		••			79		656
Fiji	834	18.3	46	3,125	3,750	3,538	4,240	-6.6	-7.1	69		1,641
French Polynesia	263	4.0	72		^d					74		685
Greenland	57	410.5	Og		^d							557
Grenada	106	0.3	311	414	3,920	579 ^e	5,480 ^e	3.0	2.9	69		234
Guam	173	0.5	321		d					76		
Guyana	739	215.0	4	926	1,250	1,907 ^e	2,580 ^e	9.1	9.2	67		1,491
Iceland	311	103.0	3	17,959	57,750	10,596	34,070	3.8	1.4	81		2,184
Isle of Man	77	0.6	136	3,517	45,810			7.7	6.7			

About the data

The table shows data for 56 economies with populations between 30,000 and 1 million and for smaller economies if they are members of the World Bank. Where data on gross national income (GNI) per capita are not available, the estimated range is given. For more information on the calculation of GNI (gross national product, or GNP, in the System of National Accounts 1968) and purchasing power parity (PPP) conversion factors, see *About the data* for table 1.1. Additional data for the economies in the table are available on the *World Development Indicators* CD-ROM or at *WDI Online*.

Definitions

- Population is based on the de facto definition of population, which counts all residents regardless of legal status or citizenship—except for refugees not permanently settled in the country of asylum, who are generally considered part of the population of their country of origin. The values shown are midyear estimates. See also table 2.1. Surface area is a country's total area, including areas under inland bodies of water and some coastal waterways.
- Population density is midyear population divided by land area in square kilometers. • Gross national income (GNI) is the sum of value added by all resident producers plus any product taxes (less subsidies) not included in the valuation of output plus

net receipts of primary income (compensation of employees and property income) from abroad. Data are in current U.S. dollars converted using the *World Bank Atlas* method (see *Statistical methods*). • **GNI per capita** is GNI divided by midyear population. GNI per capita in U.S. dollars is converted using the *World Bank Atlas* method. • **Purchasing power parity (PPP) GNI** is GNI converted to international dollars using PPP rates. An international dollar has the same purchasing power over GNI that a U.S. dollar has in the United States. • **Gross domestic product (GDP)** is the sum of value added by all resident producers plus any product taxes (less subsidies) not included in the valuation of output.

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	Population thousands 2007	Surface area thousand sq. km 2007	people per sq. km	Gross national income				Gross domestic product		Life expectancy at birth	Adult literacy rate	Carbon dioxide emissions
				\$ millions	Per capita \$ 2007 ^b	9 \$ millions 2007	PP ^a Per capita \$ 2007	% growth 2006–07	Per capita % growth 2006-07	years 2007	% ages 15 and older 2007	thousand metric tons 2005
Kiribati	95	0.8	117	107	1,120	194 ^e	2,040 ^e	1.7	0.1	61		26
Liechtenstein	35	0.2	220	••	d		••				••	
Luxembourg	480	2.6	185	34,234	72,430	29,239	61,860	4.5	2.9	79		11,314
Macao, China	480	0.0	17,026		d			27.3	26.6	81	94	2,235
Maldives	305	0.3	1,018	974	3,190	1,500	4,910	6.6	4.9	68	97	714
Malta	409	0.3	1,279	6,825	16,680	9,192	22,460	3.8	3.1	80	92	2,550
Marshall Islands	58	0.2	324	189	3,240			3.5	1.2			84
Mayotte	186	0.4	497		c							
Micronesia, Fed. Sts.	111	0.7	159	253	2,280	334 ^e	3,010 ^e	-3.2	-3.5	69		
Monaco	33	0.0	16,769		d							
Montenegro	599	14.0	43	3,154	5,270	7,056	11,780	10.7	11.1	75		
Netherlands Antilles	191	0.8	239		d					75	96	3,891
New Caledonia	242	18.6	13		d					76	96	2,638
Northern Mariana Islands	84	0.5	182		d	••						
Palau	20	0.5	44	167	8,270			2.5	1.9	69		114
Qatar	836	11.0	76		d			6.1	1.8	76	93	49,816
Samoa	181	2.8	64	489	2,700	789 ^e	4,350 ^e	6.1	5.6	72	99	150
San Marino	31	0.1	510	1,430	46,770			4.5	3.1	82		
Sao Tome and Principe	158	1.0	165	138	870	258	1,630	6.0	4.1	65	88	103
Seychelles	85	0.5	185	762	8,960	1,313 ^e	15,440 ^e	6.3	5.8	73		579
Solomon Islands	495	28.9	18	374	750	845 ^e	1,710 ^e	10.2	7.7	64		176
St. Kitts and Nevis	49	0.3	188	488	9,990	668 ^e	13,680 ^e	3.3	2.5			136
St. Lucia	168	0.6	275	928	5,520	1,552 ^e	9,240 ^e	3.2	2.0	74		370
St. Vincent & Grenadines	120	0.4	309	507	4,210	863 ^e	7,170 ^e	6.7	6.2	72		191
Suriname	458	163.3	3	2,166	4,730	3,498 ^e	7,640 ^e	5.3	4.7	70	90	2,374
Tonga	102	0.8	142	254	2,480	397 ^e	3,880 ^e	-0.3	-0.6	73	99	117
Vanuatu	226	12.2	19	417	1,840	771 ^e	3,410 ^e	5.0	2.6	70	78	88
Virgin Islands (U.S.)	108	0.4	310		d					79		

a. PPP is purchasing power parity, see Definitions. b. Calculated using the World Bank Atlas method. c. Estimated to be upper middle income (\$3,706-\$11,455). d. Estimated to be high income (\$11,456 or more). e. Based on regression; others are extrapolated from the 2005 International Comparison Program benchmark estimates. f. Excludes Turkish Cypriot side.

Growth is calculated from constant price GDP data in local currency. • GDP per capita is GDP divided by midyear population. • Life expectancy at birth is the number of years a newborn infant would live if prevailing patterns of mortality at the time of its birth were to stay the same throughout its life. . Adult literacy rate is the percentage of adults ages 15 and older who can, with understanding, read and write a short, simple statement about their everyday life. • Carbon dioxide emissions are those stemming from the burning of fossil fuels and the manufacture of cement. They include carbon dioxide produced during consumption of solid, liquid, and gas fuels and gas flaring.

The indicators here and throughout the book are compiled by World Bank staff from primary and secondary sources. More information about the indicators and their sources can be found in the About the data, Definitions, and Data sources entries that accompany each table in subsequent sections.